<u>1. Scope</u>

This specification applies to fixed metal film chip resistors rectangular type rated dissipation of 0.1 W.

2. Type Designation

			_								
RR	1220	Ρ	—	102	—	В	_	М	—	Т 5	
(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)		(5)		(6)		(7)	

(1)Product Type

R R fixed metal film chip resistors rectangular type

(2)Size	
1220	1.25×2.0mm

(3)) Tem	oerature	coefficient	of	resistance
· · ·	/				

Р	\pm 25ppm/deg C
Q	\pm 50ppm/deg C
R	\pm 100ppm/deg C

(4) Rated resistance

E24 series	Three digits of number	Example : $103 = 10 \times 10^3 = 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
E96 series	Four digits of number	Example : $4992 = 499 \times 10^2 = 49.9 \text{k} \Omega$
		$49R9 = 49.9 \Omega$

(5)Tolerance	e on rated resistance
D	$\pm 0.5\%$

В	±0.1%

(6)Identification code of four digit marking

M The code when four digits code is marked on the resistor.

(7)Quantity in taping

T 5	5,000pcs/reel
Only for	$\pm 0.1\%$ products

3. Physical Dimensions and Construction

Physical dimensions

See Fig.1.

4. Ratings

4.1 Rated resistance	. Tolerance on rated resistance	and	Temperature coefficient	t of resistance

(1) Rated resistance	E24 series	100 to 1MΩ				
E96 series		100 to 1MΩ				
(2) Tolerance on rate	d resistance	$\pm 0.1\%$ (Code: B)				
(3) Temperature coefficient of		\pm 25ppm/deg C				
resistance		(Code : P)				

The resistance value duplicated in E24 series and in E96 series shall be manufactured in E24 series only.

			1 /			APPD Komatsu		SUSUMU CO.,LTD	
			11			2001/8/3	TITLE:	Specification for	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		11			CHKDT. Kornatsu		Chip resistor RR1220 series	
			11			2001/%/3 DRAWN			
			11			2001/08/03	SPEC.NO:		
0			11			CCM		RR00-1097	
REV	CHANG.NO	NOTE.	DATE	DRAWN	APPD				



4.2 Rated dissipation at 7	<u>0deg C</u>								
0.1W [JIS	Code 2A]								
Rated dissipation is b	ased on continu	uous full load o	peration	at rated a	ambient temperature of 7	70deg C.			
For resistors operated	l at ambient ter	nperature in ex-	cess of 7	Odeg C,	the maximum load shall	be derated			
in accordance with th	e following cui	rve.							
	o								
	100				Fig 3 Derating curve				
Percentage of the	A	rea of		`	1 18.0 <u>2 01 401 40</u>				
rated dissipation	50 N	peration		\backslash					
		-							
	-55		70	125	deg C				
	Amb	vient temperatur	re						
<u>4.3 Rated voltage</u>	141 11	1 1 1. 4 1 f.		C_ 11!	·				
The d.c. or a.c. r.m.	s voltage shall	be calculated fi	rom the l	ollowing	expression.	hall ha tha			
rated voltage	ge exceeds life	miniting eleme	in vonag	ge, me m	inting element voltage s	shan be the			
Tuted voltage.									
$E = R \times P$	Where E	: Rated voltage		(V)					
	R :	Rated resistant	ce (
	P :	Rated dissipation	on	(W)					
4.4 Limiting element vol	tage	1	100 V						
4.5 Maximum overload	voltage	2	200 V						
4.6 Operating temperature	re range	-5	55 to +12	25 deg C					
4.7 Storage temperature	<u>range</u>	-5	55 to +12	25 deg C					
<u>5. Marking</u> <u>5.1 Marking in E24 series</u> A rated resistance sha See para.2. (3) (Example) 3	11 be marked of 3.9k 39 00	n the protect co	ating wi	th three d	igit of number.				
		·							
5.2 Marking in E96 series	1 (1	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	1 11 1						
A manufacturing date	code or four d	ight of number s	shall be	marked o	n the protect coating.				
Refer to IIS C 5201-1	Annex 1 Tabl	e5							
(2) Four digit of number									
See para.2. (3)	See para.2. (3)								
(Example) 49.9k 499 00 4992									
TITLE: Specificatio	n for	SUSU COL	MU S LTD	PEC.NO:		Rev. No.			
Chip resistor RR1	220 series				RR00-1097				

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6. Performance

The test method shall be as specified in IEC 60115-1.

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements tests is as follows;

Temperature	5 to 35deg C
Relative humidity	45 to 85%RH
Air pressure	86 to 106kPa
If there is any doubt about results,	measurements shall be made within the following limits;
Temperature	$20 \pm 2 \deg C$
Relative humidity	60 to 70%RH
Air pressure	86 to 106kPa

6.1 Electrical

6.1.1 Resistance and tolerance

Method;

Refer to IEC 60115-1, Sub-clause 4.5.

Specification:

Not exceed the specified tolerance on rated resistance in para.4.1.(2).

6.1.2 Temperature characteristic of resistance

Method;

Resistance shall be measured under standard atmospheric conditions.

When the temperature reaches and is maintained at 100 deg C higher than the temperature of standard atmospheric conditions, resistance shall be measured again. The measurement shall be made after a period of 30 min, after each specified temperature is reached.

Specification:

Not exceed the specified temperature coefficient of resistance in para.4.1.(3).

6.1.3 Overload

Method;

A d.c. or a.c. r.m.s. voltage of 2.5 times the rated voltage shall be applied for 5 sec, and a check shall be made to see if arcing or other damage happened. Then the resistor shall be maintained without electrical load for 30 min after which the resistance shall be measured. However the applied voltage shall not exceed the maximum overload voltage.

For other procedures, refer to IEC 60115-1, Sub-clause 4.13.

Specification:

Change in resistance : $\pm (0.5\% + 0.05)$

Without damage by flash over (spark, arcing), burning or breakdown etc.



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Specification;

Change in resistance : $\pm (0.5\%+0.05)$ Without damage by flash over (spark, arcing), burning or breakdown etc.



6.2 Mechanical

6.2.1 Substrate bending test (Bond strength of the face plating)

Method;

Apply pressure in the direction of the arrow at a rate of about 0.5 mm/s. until bent width reaches 3 mm and hold for 30 s.



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6.2.3 Resistance to soldering he	eat			
Method;				
(1) Solder bath method				
Preheat	100 ~ 110deg C	30 s.		
Temperature	$270 \pm 5 \deg C$	10 ± 1 s.		
(2) \mathbf{D} of the second seco	1			
(2) Reflow soldering method	$260 \pm 5 deg C$	$10 \sec \sigma t$	200	
Temperature	$200 \pm 300 \text{g C}$	60 smax		
The heating apparatus st	all be the upper-	heated oven a	and the temperature shall be bo	ard surface
temperature.	or of the office			
•				
(3) Soldering iron method				
Bit temperature	$350 \pm 5 \deg C$			
Time	3 +1 / 0 s.			
The resistor shall be stored	at standard atmosp	heric condition	ns for 1 hr after which the measure	ements shall
be made. For other procedures, refer	to IEC 60115-1 Su	ih-clause / 18		
For other procedures, refer	to IEC 00113-1, Su	10-Clause 4.10.		
Specification:				
Change in resistance :	± (0.5%+0.05)			
Without mechanical dama	ge.			
Electrical characteristics sl	hall be satisfied.			
<u>Method;</u> Temperature of solder	235 ± 5deg C 245 ± 5deg C	(Solder allo (Solder allo	y: Sn-37Pb) by: Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu)	
Duration of immersion For other procedures, refer	2 ± 0.5 s. r to IEC 60115-1, S	ub-clause 4.17	7.	
Specification:				
A new uniform coating of s	older shall cover m	inimum of 95	% of the surface being immersed.	
625 Solvent registeres				
Method:				
Immersion cleaning				
At normal temperature : 30	00 sec. Using Ison	propyl alcohol		
For other procedures, refer	r to IEC 60115-1, S	ub-clause 4.29).	
Specification:				
Marking shall be legible.				
Without mechanical damag	e and distinct dama	ige in appearai	nce.	
TITLE: G C C		SUSUMU	SPEC.NO:	Ray No
Chin resistor DD1220	r) series	CO.,LTD	PP00 1007	
	, 501105	55M	1/1/00-1081	



6.3 Endurance

6.3.1 Rapid change of temperature

Method;

The resistor shall be subjected to 5 continuous cycles, each as shown in the figure below.

 $2 \sim 3 \min$

 $2 \sim 3 \min$

- 1 Minimum operating temperature \pm 3 deg C 30 min
- 2 Standard atmospheric conditions
- 3 Maximum operating temperature ± 2 deg C 30 min
- 4 Standard atmospheric conditions

For other procedures, refer to IEC 60115-1, Sub-clause 4.19.

Specification;

Change in resistance : $\pm (0.5\% + 0.05)$ Without mechanical damage such as breaks and distinct damage in appearance. Marking shall be legible.

6.3.2 Endurance (Damp heat with load)

Method;

The specimen shall be placed in the test chamber at a temperature $40 \pm 2 \text{deg C}$ and a relative humidity 90 to 95 %, and then subjected to a voltage cycle consisting of rated d.c. voltage application of 1 hr 30 min and rest of 30 min repeatedly for 1000 +48/0 hrs.

However the applied voltage shall not exceed the limited element voltage.

For other procedures, refer to IEC 60115-1, Sub-clause 4.24.

Specification;

Change in resistance : $\pm (0.5\% + 0.05)$

Without mechanical damage such as breaks and distinct damage in appearance. Marking shall be legible.

6.3.3 Endurance (rated load)

Method;

The specimen shall be placed in the test chamber at $70 \pm 2 \text{deg C}$, and then subjected to a voltage cycle consisting of rated d.c. voltage application of 1 hr 30 min and rest of 30 min repeatedly for 1000 + 48/0 hrs.

However the applied voltage shall not exceed the limited element voltage. For other procedures, refer to IEC 60115-1, Sub-clause 4.25.

Specification;

Change in resistance : $\pm (0.5\% + 0.05)$ Without machanical damage such as breaks and distinct damage

Without mechanical damage such as breaks and distinct damage in appearance. Marking shall be legible.



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Test board

<u>Test board A</u> (For substrate banding, adhesion test, see Fig.4) Material: Glass fabric base epoxy resin 1.6mm Copper foil, thickness 0.035 mm Solder resist coating

<u>Test board B</u>(For another test, see Fig.5) Material: Glass fabric base epoxy resin 1.6mm Copper foil, thickness 0.035 mm Solder resist coating

Mounting method

(1) Mounting method according to solder bath method

Epoxy based adhesive agent shall be applied in the middle between the lands of the test board and the resistor shall be mounted in such a way that resistor's electrodes will be evenly placed in the land area and then the adhesive agent shall be hardened. Then a methanol medium of 25% colophony by specific weight is used as flux (if non-deviant test results are assurable over the counter colophony based flux may be used) and is soldered by dipping in a molten solder bath of $260 \pm 5 \text{ deg C}$ and immersed for 3 to 5 s.

(2) Mounting method according to reflow soldering method

About 200 μ m of solder cream is applied in the land portion of the test boards and the resistor shall be mounted in such a way so that the resistor's electrodes will be evenly placed on the land. It is soldered under the conditions of board surface temperature 240 to 250deg C(peak temperature) for 5 to 10 s. in an upper-portion heated oven.

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7. Packaging

Resistors shall be in Taping.

7.1 Dimensions

7.1.1 Tape packaging dimensions See Fig.6.

7.1.2 Reel dimensions See Fig.7

7.2 Materials

Tape: PaperReel: Plastic

7.3 Specification of taping Refer to clause 7.1 and IEC 60286-3.

7.4 Pieces per reel

1000 pieces per reel or 5000 pieces per reel. When a quantity is 5000 pieces per reel, code "-T5" shall be added at the end of type designation. See para.2.

7.5 Marking

The label indicated following items shall be marked on single side of the reel.

- Type designation
- Quantity
- Manufacturing date code
- (Month and year are marked. Refer to JIS C 5201-1 Annex 1 Table5.
- Manufacturer's name
- Country of origin
- Shipping inspection code
- Identification showing lead-free products.

Example of the label





8. Precautions in use

8.1 Storage

- (1) Resistor shall be stored in a room where temperature and humidity must be controlled.
 (temperature 5 to 35 deg C, humidity 45 to 85 % RH) However, humidity keep it low, as it is possible.
- (2) Resistor shall be stored as direct sunshine doesn't hit on it.
- (3) Resistor shall be stored with no moisture, dust, a material that will make solderbility inferior, and a harmful gas (hydrogen chloride, sulfurous acid gas, and hydrogen sulfide).
- (4) Resistor shall be stored with keeping the minimum package unit with uncivilized sealed (Keep the state of the taping).

8.2 Time limit to storage

- (1) The storage time limit of the product is reckoned on the day when the product was shipped by our company and made within one year.
- (2) Confirm solderbility beforehand when you use the one that the time limit was passed.

8.3 Chip mounting

- (1) When chip are mounted on the PC board, the protection coat of resistors must not be scratched. If it will be scratched, it will make performance for moisture inferior.
- (2) In case that resistor will be soldered by soldering iron, heating shall be done on the land, and soldering iron must not hit on the resistor itself.
- (3) In case that resin coating or resin seal will be made for a PC board after chip mounting, do washing and drying it enough before coating or sealing. If ion bear or moisture will be sealed in resin coating, it will make performance for moisture inferior sometimes.

For resinous use, it is necessary to set up enough the curing conditions. As it get improper for the condition, change of a resistance value are large and are a case.

(4) According to shape, material, and pressure of clamping in chip mounting machine, there is the case that crack will be appeared on resistor.

Control a shock energy for clamping resistor under 7×10^{-4} J.

With a shock energy around clamping that says here, it is suited to a potential energy, in case that iron block of 25g is dropped naturally to the resistor placed on iron plate for the height of 2.8mm.

(5) The glue to fix a resistor on the PC board around chip mounting, it is needed high insulation resistance and great performance or moisture. And it is needed that these characteristics are not inferior in using temperature range and a hot spot temperature to be acting.

8.4 Using and Handling

- It is necessary to investigate the performance and reliability enough when using under harsh environment. Especially, the performance of the product is occasionally damaged when using with the dewy state or ion material adhered.
- (2) It is necessary to protect the edge and protection coat of resistors from mechanical stress.
- (3) Handle with care when PC board is divided or fixed on support body, because bending of PC board after chip mounting will make mechanical stress for resistors.



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- (4) Resistors shall be used within rated range shown in specification. Especially, if voltage more than specified value will be loaded to resistor, there is a case it will make damage for machine because of temperature rise depending on generation of heat, and increase resistance value or breaks.
- (5) In case that resistor is loaded a rated voltage, it is necessary to confirms temperature of a resistor and to reduce a load power according to load reduction curve, because a temperature rise of a resistor depends on influence of heat from mounting density and neighboring element.
- (6) Observe Limiting element voltage and maximum overload voltage specified in each specification.
- (7) If there is a possibility that a large voltage (pulse voltage, shock voltage) charge to resistor, It is necessary that operating condition shall be set up before use, because performance of thin film resistor is affected by a large shock voltage.

8.5 Using and Handling

Refer to EIAJ RCR-2121 -- Electronic Industries Association of Japan technological report "Fixed resistor directions guideline."



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